12.50% Sodium Hypochlorite

Safety Data Sheet

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Revision Date: 06/22/2021 Date of issue: 6/22/2021 Version: 1.1

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

1.1. Product Identifier

Product Form: Solution

Product Name: OnLine Swim Shock 12.50% Sodium Hypochlorite

Synonyms: Shock, Pool Shock, Swimming Pool Bleach

1.2. Intended Use of the Product

Use of the substance/mixture: Swimming Pool Water Disinfection, Pool Shock Treatment

1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

Company

OnLine Packaging, Inc.
4311 Liberty Lane
Plover, WI 54467
T: (715)344-4861
www.onlinepackaging.org

1.4. Emergency Telephone Number

Emergency Number : 1-800-535-5053
Call doctor/hospital emergency room or the Local Poison Control Center. Have the product container or label with you when calling a Poison Control Center or doctor, or when going for treatment.

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

Classification (GHS-US)

Met. Corr. 1	H290
Skin Corr. 1A	H314
Eye Dam. 1	H318
Aquatic Acute 1	H400
Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

2.2. Label Elements

GHS-US Labeling

Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US) :

GHS05 GHS09

Signal Word (GHS-US) : Danger

Hazard Statements (GHS-US) : H290 - May be corrosive to metals.
H314 - Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H318 - Causes serious eye damage.
H400 - Very toxic to aquatic life.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements (GHS-US) : P234 - Keep only in original container.
P260 - Do not breathe vapors, mist, or spray.
P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.
P301+P330+P331 - If swallowed: rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.
P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P310 - Immediately call a poison center or doctor.
P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).
P363 - Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P390 - Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.
P391 - Collect spillage.
P405 - Store locked up.
P406 - Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate those with pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions.

2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1. Substance

Not applicable

3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%	Classification (GHS-US)
Water	(CAS No) 7732-18-5	87.5	Not classified
Sodium hypochlorite	(CAS No) 7681-52-9	12.5	Met. Corr. 1, H290 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Eye Dam. 1, H318 STOT SE 3, H335 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

First-aid Measures General: Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label if possible).

First-aid Measures After Inhalation: Using proper respiratory protection, immediately move the exposed person to fresh air. Keep at rest and in a position comfortable for breathing. Seek medical attention immediately. Symptoms may be delayed.

First-aid Measures After Skin Contact: Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 60 minutes. Wash immediately with plenty of soap and water. Seek medical attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

First-aid Measures After Eye Contact: Immediately rinse with water for a prolonged period while holding the eyelids wide open. Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing for at least 60 minutes. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

First-aid Measures After Ingestion: Rinse mouth thoroughly with water. Do NOT induce vomiting. Seek medical attention immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms/Injuries: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Inhalation may cause immediate severe irritation progressing quickly to chemical burns. Corrosive to mucus membranes. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms may be delayed.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Causes severe skin burns. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include: Stinging, tearing, redness, and swelling of eyes.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

5.1. Extinguishing Media

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use extinguishing media appropriate for surrounding fire.

Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: Do not use a heavy water stream. Use of heavy stream of water may spread fire.

5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

Fire Hazard: Not flammable.

Explosion Hazard: Product is not explosive.

Reactivity: Hazardous reactions are not expected to occur under normal conditions.

5.3. Advice for Firefighters

Precautionary Measures Fire: Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Under fire conditions, hazardous fumes will be present.

Firefighting Instructions: Keep upwind. Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers.

Protection During Firefighting: Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Firefighters must use full bunker gear including NIOSH-approved positive pressure self-contained breathing apparatus to protect against potential hazardous combustion or decomposition products and oxygen deficiencies. Be aware that burning liquid will float on water. Notify appropriate authorities if liquid enter sewers or waterways.

Other Information: Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water sources.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

General Measures: Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray.

6.1.1. For Non-emergency Personnel

Protective Equipment: Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

Emergency Procedures: Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Keep upwind.

6.1.2. For Emergency Responders

Protective Equipment: Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

Emergency Procedures: Stop leak if safe to do so. Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources.

6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Notify authorities if product enters sewers or public waters.

6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

For Containment: Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. Do not use combustible absorbents such as: saw dust or cellulosic materials.

Methods for Cleaning Up: Ventilate area. Cautiously neutralize spilled liquid. Small quantities of liquid spill: take up in non-combustible absorbent material and shovel into container for disposal. Collect absorbed material and place into a sealed, labelled container for proper disposal. Clear up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Practice good housekeeping - spillage can be slippery on smooth surface either wet or dry.

6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See heading 8, Exposure Controls and Personal Protection. Concerning disposal elimination after cleaning, see item 13.

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

Additional Hazards When Processed: Any proposed use of this product in elevated-temperature processes should be thoroughly evaluated to assure that safe operating conditions are established and maintained. Keep only in original container. May release hydrogen gas on prolonged contact with certain metals. May be corrosive to metals.

Hygiene Measures: Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures. Always wash your hands immediately after handling this product, and once again before leaving the workplace. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Do not eat, drink or smoke in areas where product is used.

7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

Technical Measures: Observe all regulations and local requirements regarding storage of containers.

Storage Conditions: Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container closed when not in use. Store away from oxygen and oxidizers. Storage areas should be periodically checked for corrosion and integrity. Detached outside storage is preferable.

Incompatible Products: Acids. Reducing agents. Copper and its alloys. Aluminum. Mild steel. Ammonia. Ammonium salts. Amines.

7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Swimming Pool Water Disinfection, Pool Shock Treatment

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

8.2. Exposure Controls

Appropriate Engineering Controls : Product to be handled in a closed system and under strictly controlled conditions. Emergency eye wash fountains should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

Personal Protective Equipment : Avoid all unnecessary exposure. Face shield. Protective goggles. Gloves. Protective clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.

Materials for Protective Clothing : Chemical resistant suit.

Hand Protection : Impermeable protective gloves.

Eye Protection : A full face shield is recommended. Chemical safety goggles.

Skin and Body Protection : Wear suitable protective clothing. Chemical resistant suit. Rubber apron, boots.

Respiratory Protection : Use a NIOSH-approved respirator or self-contained breathing apparatus whenever exposure may exceed established Occupational Exposure Limits.

Environmental Exposure Controls : Avoid release to the environment.

Consumer Exposure Controls : Do not eat, drink or smoke during use.

SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	: Liquid
Appearance	: Clear yellow liquid
Odor	: Slight chlorine
Odor Threshold	: No data available
pH	: 11.5 - 13.5
Evaporation Rate	: No data available
Melting Point	: No data available
Freezing Point	: No data available
Boiling Point	: 100 °C (212 °F)
Flash Point	: No data available
Auto-ignition Temperature	: No data available
Decomposition Temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor Pressure	: No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative Density	: No data available
Specific Gravity	: 1.154 - 1.198
Solubility	: Water: Complete
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: No data available
Viscosity	: 1.5 - 2.25 cP
Explosive Properties	: Product is not explosive.

9.2. Other Information No additional information available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1. Reactivity: Hazardous reactions are not expected to occur under normal conditions.

10.2. Chemical Stability: Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

10.4. Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, open flames, sources of ignition and incompatible materials.

10.5. Incompatible Materials: Acids. Reducing agents. Copper and its alloys. Aluminum. Mild steel. Ammonia. Ammonium salts. Amines.

10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Corrosive vapors. Acrid smoke and irritating fumes. Hydrogen chloride. Chlorine gas.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1. Information On Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

Sodium hypochlorite (7681-52-9)	
LD50 Oral Rat	8200 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 10000 mg/kg

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

pH: 11.5 - 13.5

Serious Eye Damage/Irritation: Causes serious eye damage.

pH: 11.5 - 13.5

Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: Not classified

Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Not classified

Carcinogenicity: Not classified

Sodium hypochlorite (7681-52-9)	
IARC group	3

Reproductive Toxicity: Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Not classified

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure): Not classified

Aspiration Hazard: Not classified

Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation: Inhalation may cause immediate severe irritation progressing quickly to chemical burns. Corrosive to mucus membranes. Corrosive to the respiratory tract. Symptoms may be delayed.

Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact: Causes severe skin burns. Symptoms may include: Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact: Causes serious eye damage. Symptoms may include: Stinging, tearing, redness, and swelling of eyes.

Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion: May cause burns or irritation of the linings of the mouth, throat, and gastrointestinal tract. Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

Chronic Symptoms: None expected under normal conditions of use.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General : Very toxic to aquatic life. Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Sodium hypochlorite (7681-52-9)	
LC50 Fish 1	0.06 (0.06 - 0.11) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.033 - 0.044 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
LC 50 Fish 2	4.5 (4.5 - 7.6) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 Daphnia 2	0.033 (0.033 - 0.044) mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])

12.2. Persistence and Degradability

No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential

No additional information available

12.4. Mobility in Soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other Adverse Effects

No additional information available

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Sewage Disposal Recommendations: Do not dispose of waste into sewer. Do not empty into drains; dispose of this material and its container in a safe way.

Waste Disposal Recommendations: Dispose of waste material in accordance with all local, regional, national, provincial, territorial and international regulations.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : HYPOCHLORITE SOLUTIONS
Hazard Class : 8
Identification Number : UN1791
Label Codes : 8
Packing Group : III
Marine Pollutant : Marine pollutant
ERG Number : 154

* For inner packaging of 5 L or less, the product is shipped as a limited quantity/consumer commondity.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 US Federal Regulations

10.00 - 12.50% Sodium Hypochlorite	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Immediate (acute) health hazard

Water (7732-18-5)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

Sodium hypochlorite (7681-52-9)
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory

15.2 US State Regulations

Sodium hypochlorite (7681-52-9)
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

Revision Date : 03/12/2015
Other Information : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

GHS Full Text Phrases:

Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Eye Dam. 1	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Met. Corr. 1	Corrosive to metals Category 1
Skin Corr. 1A	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1A
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1B
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H290	May be corrosive to metals
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage
H318	Causes serious eye damage
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.

SDS US (GHS HazCom)